The table below gives information about consumer spending on different items in five different countries in 2002.

Percentage of national consumer expenditure by category - 2002

| Country | Food/Drinks/ Tobacco | Clothing/ Footwear | Leisure/ Education |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Ireland | 28.91% | 6.43% | 2.21% |
| Italy | 16.36% | 9.00% | 3.20% |
| Spain | 18.80% | 6.51% | 1.98% |
| Sweden | 15.77% | 5.40% | 3.22% |
| Turkey | 32.14% | 6.63% | 4.35% |

| The table illustrates the proportion of national expenditure in Ireland, Italy, 1, Sweden and |
|---|
| Turkey on 2 types of consumer items in 3 |
| |
| 4 the category of consumer goods that all countries spent most on was food, drinks |
| and tobacco, which was three times higher than on the other types of goods. The least amount of |
| spending in all of the places mentioned was in the category of 5 Turkey's outlay |
| was generally 6 than the other four countries. |
| • |
| In terms of food, drinks and tobacco, 7 spent the most at 32.14%. The expenditure of Ire- |
| land was also high (28.91%) compared to Sweden which spent the least (15.77%). Spain and Italy |
| spent 8 and 9 respectively. On the other hand, the lowest expenditure was on |
| leisure and education which accounted for under 10 in all countries. Turkey spent most on |
| these items at just 11 of their expenses which is around double that of Spain |
| 12 |
| · |
| 13 was the third category of consumer goods and outlays for those items were |
| between 9% in Italy and 14 in Sweden. The national spending in this area for the remain- |
| ing countries averaged around 15 |